

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 23-Oct-2015

Revision Date 18-Jun-2018

Version 3

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier Product Name

3Chem Solvent Based Single Component

Other means of identification Product Code UN/ID no Synonyms

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended UsePaint, Coatings.Uses advised againstNo information available

C511-1000

1263

None

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer Address

HIS Paint Manufacturing Co., LLC 1801 West Reno Oklahoma City, OK. 73106 Telephone: 1-800-553-2077

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 24 Hour Chemical Emergency Response: (Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident) Call INFOTRAC - Day or Night 1-800-535-5053 Outside the USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

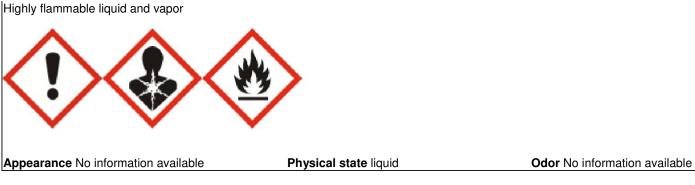
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 2

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements Harmful if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation May cause genetic defects May cause cancer May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ tools / equipment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

May be harmful if swallowed Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Unknown acute toxicity

96.47202 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Aluminum	7429-90-5	10 - 30	*
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	7 - 13	*
Acetone	67-64-1	7 - 13	*
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	3-7	*

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Petroleum distillates, hy	/drotreated light	64742-47-8	1 - 5	*
Methyl Propyl Ketone		107-87-9	1 - 5	*
n-Butyl ace		123-86-4	1 - 5	*
Heptan-2-c		110-43-0	1 - 5	*
Naphtha (petroleum), I		64742-94-5	1 - 5	*
Aromatic Hydro		64742-95-6	0.1 - 1	*
Naphtha (petroleum), hy		64742-48-9	0.1 - 1	*
Ethylbenze		100-41-4	0.1 - 1	
The exac	st percentage (concern	tration) of composition has	s been withneid as a trad	e secrel.
	4.	FIRST AID MEASUF	RES	
Description of first aid				
<u>measures</u> Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention.			
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.			
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. It may be dangerous to the person giving mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.			
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.			
Most important symptoms a	nd effects, both acut	e and delayed		
Symptoms	If inhaled, can cause central nervous system depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. If on skin, may cause an allergic reaction. If ingested, can cause central nervous system depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Indication of any immediate	medical attention an	d special treatment nee	ded	
Note to physicians	Treat sympton ingested or in	matically. Contact poison haled.	treatment specialist if lar	ge quantities have been
	5. FIR	E-FIGHTING MEAS	URES	
Suitable extinguishing medi	2			
Junuarie extinguisining mean	u			

<u>Suitable extinguishing media</u> Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog), or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire, or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of

subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No data available. Sensitivity to Static Discharge May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken involving personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walked through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking, flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protect equipment.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. See section 12 for additional ecological information.	
Methods and material for conta	inment and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).	
Methods for cleaning up	Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners. Dam up and soak up with absorbent material. Pickup and transfer to appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations or vapor in air and avoid vapor concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Never use pressure to empty container. Comply with the health and safety at-work laws. Prevent product from entering drains. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes, etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep/store only in original container. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool

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and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acids.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Aluminum	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ respirable	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ total dust
7429-90-5	particulate matter	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable dust
		(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Al
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable	
		fraction (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Al	
		Aluminum	
Acetone	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm_
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ The	
		acetone STEL does not apply to the	
		cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is	
		in effect for all other sectors.	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
Methyl n-amyl ketone	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
110-43-0		TWA: 465 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 465 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 465 mg/m ³	Ũ
Methyl Propyl Ketone	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 1500 ppm
107-87-9		TWA: 700 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 530 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 700 mg/m ³	-
		(vacated) STEL: 250 ppm	
		(vacated) STEL: 875 mg/m ³	
n-Butyl acetate	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm	IDLH: 1700 ppm
123-86-4	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 710 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 200 ppm	STEL: 950 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 950 mg/m ³	-
Heptan-2-one	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
110-43-0		TWA: 465 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 465 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 465 mg/m ³	-
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
100-41-4		TWA: 435 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³	STEL: 125 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 125 ppm	STEL: 545 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m ³	5

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide local exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Safety eyew	vear complying with an approved standard should be used when risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side shields.
Skin and body protection	Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

	as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should be anti-static overalls, boots, and gloves.			
Respiratory protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.			
General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.				
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color	liquid No information available No information available	Odor Odor threshold	No information available No information available
<u>Property</u> pH Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air	ValuesNo information availableNo information available179 °F - 308 °F-17.8 °C / 0 °FNo information availableNo information available	<u>Remarks ∙Method</u>	
Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Water solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties	0.9% 7.9% No information available No information available 0.992 No information available No information available	Heavier than air	
Other Information Softening point Molecular weight Material VOC Coating VOC Density Bulk density	No information available No information available 3.000 lbs/gal 3.489 lbs/gal 8.262 lbs/gal No information available		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No data available
Inhalation	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Skin contact	No data available.
Ingestion	No data available.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-49-0	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	>3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 73680 ppm (Rat)4 h
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg(Rat)	> 15700 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat)8 h
Methyl n-amyl ketone 110-43-0	= 1600 mg/kg (Rat) = 1670 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12.6 mL/kg(Rabbit)= 12600 µL/kg(Rabbit)	2000 - 4000 ppm(Rat)6 h
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L(Rat)4 h
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	= 1600 mg/kg(Rat)	= 6480 mg/kg(Rat)= 6500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	2000 - 4000 ppm(Rat)4 h
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	= 10768 mg/kg(Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 390 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Heptan-2-one 110-43-0	= 1600 mg/kg (Rat) = 1670 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12.6 mL/kg(Rabbit)= 12600 μL/kg(Rabbit)	2000 - 4000 ppm(Rat)6 h
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic 64742-94-5	> 5000 mg/kg(Rat)	> 2 mL/kg(Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m ³ (Rat)4 h
Aromatic Hydrocarbon 64742-95-6	= 8400 mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm(Rat)4 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 64742-48-9	> 6000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 8500 mg/m ³ (Rat)4 h
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg(Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L(Rat)4 h

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms

No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	No informatic No informatic The table bel	on available.	n agency has listed any ing	redient as a carcinogen
Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	A3	Group 2B	-	Х

Reproductive toxicity STOT	No information available.
 single exposure STOT - 	No information available.
repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral)	2,123.40 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	5,126.30 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	4.57 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	1,573.98 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-49-0	-	-	2.6: 96 h Chaetogammarus marinus mg/L LC50
Acetone 67-64-1	-	4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static	10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Methyl n-amyl ketone 110-43-0	-	126 - 137: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	-
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	-	45: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 2.4: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 2.2: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	4720: 96 h Den-dronereides heteropoda mg/L LC50
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	-	1190 - 1290: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	-
Heptan-2-one 110-43-0	-	126 - 137: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	674.7: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50	100: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 17 - 19: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 62: 96 h Leuciscus idus mg/L LC50 static	72.8: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6	-	161: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static	500: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic 64742-94-5	2.5: 72 h Skeletonema costatum mg/L EC50	19: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 2.34: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 1740: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 41: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 45: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	0.95: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Aromatic Hydrocarbon 64742-95-6	-	9.22: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50	6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	-	13.4: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 2.661 - 4.093: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 13.1 - 16.5: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 13.5 - 17.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 19: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 23.53 - 29.97: 96 h	3.82: 48 h water flea mg/L EC50 0.6: 48 h Gammarus lacustris mg/L LC50

		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		static 7.711 - 9.591: 96 h Lepomis	
		macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 780:	
		96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50	
		semi-static 780: 96 h Cyprinus	
		carpio mg/L LC50 30.26 - 40.75: 96	
		h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50	
		•	
		static	
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	-	7.19 - 8.28: 96 h Pimephales	6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
95-63-6		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	-	2200: 96 h Pimephales promelas	2.6: 96 h Chaetogammarus marinus
heavy		mg/L LC50	mg/L LC50
64742-48-9		-	-
Ethylbenzene	4.6: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	11.0 - 18.0: 96 h Oncorhynchus	1.8 - 2.4: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
100-41-4	subcapitata mg/L EC50 2.6 - 11.3:	mykiss mg/L LC50 static 7.55 - 11:	EC50
100 41 4	72 h Pseudokirchneriella	96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L	2000
	subcapitata mg/L EC50 static 1.7 -	LC50 flow-through 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h	
	7.6: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella	Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
	subcapitata mg/L EC50 static 438:	static 32: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	
	96 h Pseudokirchneriella	mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h Poecilia	
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	reticulata mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50	
		semi-static	
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	83: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus	777 - 914: 96 h Pimephales	750: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
96-29-7	mg/L EC50	promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50
	C C	320 - 1000: 96 h Leuciscus idus	
		mg/L LC50 static 760: 96 h Poecilia	
		reticulata mg/L LC50 static	
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	-	10000: 96 h Pimephales promelas	1919: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
34590-94-8		mg/L LC50 static	LC50
2-Butoxyethanol		1490: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
	-		
111-76-2		mg/L LC50 static 2950: 96 h	EC50 1698 - 1940: 24 h Daphnia
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	magna mg/L EC50
Propionic acid	45.8: 72 h Desmodesmus	51:96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	-
79-09-4	subspicatus mg/L EC50 43: 96 h	mg/L LC50 static 73 - 99.7: 96 h	
	Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L	Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	
	EC50	static 1:96 h Pimephales promelas	
		mg/L LC50 static	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	-	1000: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	25.2: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
556-67-2		mg/L LC50 500: 96 h Brachydanio	EC50
000 07 E		rerio mg/L LC50	2000
Benzene	29: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella	10.7 - 14.7: 96 h Pimephales	8.76 - 15.6: 48 h Daphnia magna
71-43-2	subcapitata mg/L EC50	promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	mg/L EC50 Static 10: 48 h Daphnia
		5.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	magna mg/L EC50
		mg/L LC50 flow-through 22330 -	
		41160: 96 h Pimephales promelas	
		μg/L LC50 static 70000 - 142000:	
		96 h Lepomis macrochirus µg/L	
		LC50 static 28.6: 96 h Poecilia	
		reticulata mg/L LC50 static 22.49:	
		96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L	
		LC50 static	
		LOUU Static	

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24
Methyl n-amyl ketone 110-43-0	1.98
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	0.91
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	1.81

Heptan-2-one	1.98
110-43-0	
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	2.9 - 6.1
64742-94-5	
Ethylbenzene	3.2
100-41-4	

Other adverse effects

No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, or any by-products should at all time comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapors from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld, or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.

Contaminated packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone 67-64-1	-	Included in waste stream: F039	-	U002
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	-	Included in waste stream: F039	-	U239
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	-	Included in waste stream: F039		
Benzene 71-43-2	U019	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F037, F038, F039, K085, K104, K105, K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, K151, K159, K169, K171, K172	0.5 mg/L regulatory level	U019

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Aluminum 7429-90-5	Ignitable powder
Acetone 67-64-1	Ignitable
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	Toxic Ignitable
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Тохіс
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no	1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

Emergency Response Guide 128 Number

ΙΑΤΑ	
UN/ID no	1263
Proper shipping name	Paint
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG	
UN/ID no	1263
Proper shipping name	Paint

Proper snipping name	Pa
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

Special precautions

All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. Persons loading or unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations. If there are any questions concerning shipments of this product, please call our main office telephone number for clarification.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories	
TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Does not comply
ENCS	Does not comply
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Aluminum - 7429-90-5	1.0
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	0.1
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	
Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	5000 lb	-	-	х
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	X	Х	Х

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Acetone 67-64-1	5000 lb	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	5000 lb	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	-	RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	Carcinogen	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Aluminum 7429-90-5	Х	Х	Х
Acetone 67-64-1	Х	Х	Х
Methyl n-amyl ketone 110-43-0	Х	Х	Х
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	Х	Х	Х
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Х	Х	Х
Heptan-2-one 110-43-0	Х	Х	Х
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	Х	Х	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

<u>NFPA</u>
HMIS

Health hazards 2

Health hazards 2 Flammability 3

Flammability 3

Instability 0

Physical hazards 0

Physical and Chemical Properties -Personal protection X

Prepared By Joel Mann Issue Date 23-Oct-2015 18-Jun-2018 **Revision Date Revision Note** Formula Revision 2 Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet